

# **SOFTWAREPROCESSANDPROJECTMANAGEMENT**

**SubjectCode:CS725PE**

Regulations : R18 -

JNTUHClass:IVYearB.TechCSEISemester



**A.Y:2019-2020**

**DepartmentofComputerScienceandEngineering**

**KOMMURI PRATAP REDDY INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**

**GHANPUR-500088,Hyderabad**

## SOFTWARE PROCESS AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT (CS725PE) COURSE PLANNER

### I. COURSE PURPOSE:

At the end of the course the students should be in a position to

1. Describe Principles of Software Process Change.
2. Explain Software Life-Cycle Phases and Process artifacts
3. Describe Project Control and process instrumentation.
4. Analyze Next-Generation software Economics.

### II. PRE-REQUISITES:

It is expected to have basic knowledge of software engineering and different process and data models and their applications.

### III. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To acquire knowledge on software process management
2. To acquire managerial skills for software project development.
3. To understand software economics

### IV. COURSE OUTCOMES:

S.No.	Course Outcomes	Bloom's Taxonomy Levels
1.	Gain knowledge of software economics, phases in the life cycle of software development, project organization, project control and process instrumentation	L2: Understand
2.	Analyze the major and minor milestones, artifacts and metrics from management and technical perspective	L2: Understand
3.	Design and develop software product using conventional and modern principles of software project management	L3: Analyzing

### V. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Program Outcomes (PO)		Level	Proficiency assessed by
PO1	<b>Engineering knowledge:</b> Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems related to Computer Science and Engineering.	2.6	Mini Projects
PO2	<b>Problem analysis:</b> Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems related to Computer Science and Engineering and reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	1.4	Lectures, Assignments, Exams
PO3	<b>Design/development of solutions:</b> Design solutions for complex engineering problems related to Computer Science and Engineering and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration	2.4	Mini Projects

Program Outcomes(PO)		Level	Proficiency assessed by
	for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.		
PO4	<b>Conduct investigations of complex problems:</b> Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	2	--
PO5	<b>Modern tool usage:</b> Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	-	--
PO6	<b>The engineer and society:</b> Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the Computer Science and Engineering professional engineering practice.	-	--
PO7	<b>Environment and sustainability:</b> Understand the impact of the Computer Science and Engineering professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	-	Lectures, Assignments, Exams
PO8	<b>Ethics:</b> Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.	-	
PO9	<b>Individual and teamwork:</b> Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	-	Mini Projects
PO10	<b>Communication:</b> Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	-	--
PO11	<b>Project management and finance:</b> Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	2.2	Lectures, Assignments, Exams
PO12	<b>Life-long learning:</b> Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	2.2	Lectures, Assignments, Exams

**VI. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:**

Program Specific Outcomes (PSO)		Level	Proficiency assessed by
PSO1	<b>Foundation of mathematical concepts:</b> To use mathematical methodologies to crack problems using suitable mathematical analysis, data structure and suitable algorithm.	2.4	Mini Project
PSO2	<b>Foundation of Computer System:</b> The ability to interpret the fundamental concepts and methodology of computer systems. Students can understand the functionality of hardware and software aspects of computer systems.	2.6	Lectures, Assignments, Exams
PSO3	<b>Foundations of Software development:</b> The ability to grasp the software development lifecycle and methodologies of software systems. Possess competent skills and knowledge of software design process. Familiarity and practical proficiency with a broad area of programming concepts and provide new ideas and innovation towards research.	2	Mini Project

**VII. SYLLABUS:**

**UNIT-I**

Software Process Maturity Software maturity Framework, Principles of Software Process Change, Software Process Assessment, The Initial Process, The Repeatable Process, The Defined Process, The Managed Process, The Optimizing Process. Process Reference Models Capability Maturity Model (CMM), CMMI, PCMM, PSP, TSP).

**UNIT-II**

Software Project Management Renaissance Conventional Software Management, Evolution of Software Economics, Improving Software Economics, The old way and the new way. Life-Cycle Phases and Process artifacts Engineering and Production stages, inception phase, elaboration phase, construction phase, transition phase, artifact sets, management artifacts, engineering artifacts and pragmatic artifacts, model-based software architectures.

**UNIT-III**

Workflows and Checkpoints of process Software process workflows, Iteration workflows, Major milestones, minor milestones, periodic status assessments. Process Planning Work breakdown structures, Planning guidelines, cost and schedule estimating process, iteration planning process, Pragmatic planning.

**UNIT-IV**

Project Organizations Line-of-business organizations, project organizations, evolution of organizations, process automation. Project Control and process instrumentation The seven-core metrics, management indicators, quality indicators, life-cycle expectations, Pragmatic software metrics, metrics automation.

**UNIT-V**

CCPDS-R Case Study and Future Software Project Management Practices Modern Project Profiles, Next-Generation software Economics, Modern Process Transitions.

**GATES SYLLABUS**

NA

**VIII. LESSONPLAN:**

S. N O	WEEK	TOPICS	Course Learning Out comes	Teaching met hodologies	REFERENCE
<b>UNIT-1</b>					
1	I	Introduction	<b>Understand:</b> Introduction SPPM	Chalk and board, PPT presentation	T1
2		Software Process Maturity Software maturity Framework	<b>Describe:</b> Process Maturity		T1
3		Software Process Maturity Software maturity Framework	<b>Define:</b> Software maturity		T1
4		Principles of Software Process Change	<b>Understand:</b> Principles of Software Process		T1
5	2	Software Process Assessment	<b>Describe:</b> Process Assessment		T1
6		Software Process Assessment	<b>Describe:</b> Process Assessment		T1
7		The Initial Process	<b>Understand:</b> Initial Process		T1
8		The Repeatable Process	<b>Define:</b> Repeatable Process		T1
9	3	The Defined Process	<b>Understand:</b> Defined Process		T1
10		The Managed Process	<b>Understand:</b> Managed Process		T1
11		The Optimizing Process	<b>Describe:</b> Optimizing Process		T1
12		Process Reference Models	<b>Describe:</b> Reference Models		T1
13	4	Capability Maturity Model (CMM),	<b>Describe:</b> CMM		T1
14		CMMI,	<b>Understand:</b> CMMI		T1
15		PCMM	<b>Define:</b> PCMM		T1
16		PSP,	<b>Understand:</b> PSP		T1
17	5	TSP	<b>Understand:</b> TSP		T1
18		MOCKTEST-1			
19		<i>Tutorial/bridge class #1</i>			

UNIT-2						
20	5	SoftwareProject ManagementRenaissance ConventionalSoftware Management	<b>Understand:</b> Renaissance Conventional SoftwareManagement	Chalkandboard, PPTpresentation	T1,T2	
21	6	EvolutionofSoftware Economics,	<b>Understand:</b> EvolutionofSoftware Economics		T1,T2	
22		ImprovingSoftware Economics	<b>Describe:</b> Improving SoftwareEconomics		T1,T2	
23		Theold wayand thenew way	<b>Understand:</b> oldway and the new way		T1,T2	
24		Life-CyclePhasesand ProcessartifactsEngineering andProductionstages	<b>Understand:</b> Process artifacts		T1,T2	
25		inceptionphase,elaboration phase	<b>Describe:</b> Inception phase		T1,T2	
26	7	constructionphase,transition phase,artifactssets	<b>Describe:</b> artifactssets		T1,T2	
27		managementartifacts	<b>Understand:</b> managementartifacts		T1,T2	
28		engineeringartifactsand pragmaticartifacts	<b>Understand:</b> pragmaticartifacts		T1,T2	
29		model-basedsoftware architectures	<b>Describe:</b> software architectures		T1,T2	
30	8	WorkflowsandCheckpoints ofprocessSoftware process workflows(Unit-3)	<b>Describe:</b> Workflows andCheckpoints		T1,T2	
31		Iterationworkflows	<b>Understand:</b> Iteration workflows.		T1,T2	
32		<b>Tutorial/bridgeclass#2</b>				
I-MIDEXAMINATIONS(WEEK-9)						
UNIT-3						
33	9	Majormilestones	<b>Understand:</b> Major milestones		Chalkandboard, PPTpresentation	T1,T2
34		minormilestones,	<b>Describe:</b> minor milestones	T1,T2		
35		periodicstatusassessments	<b>Describe:</b> status assessments	T1,T2		
36		ProcessPlanning Work breakdownstructures,	<b>Understand:</b> Work breakdownstructures	T1,T2		
37	10	,Planningguidelines,	<b>Understand:</b> Planning guidelines	T1,T2		

38		costandscheduleestimating process	<b>Describe:</b> costand scheduleestimating		T1,T2	
39		costandscheduleestimating process	<b>Describe:</b> costand scheduleestimating		T1,T2	
40		iterationplanningprocess	<b>Describe:</b> iteration planning		T1,T2	
41	11	Pragmaticplanning.	<b>Describe:</b> Multicast RoutingProtocols		T1,T2	
42		<i>Tutorial/bridgeclass#3</i>				
<b>UNIT-4</b>						
43	11	Project OrganizationsLine-of-businessorganizations	<b>Understand:</b> business organizations	Chalkandboard, PPTpresentation	T1,T2	
44		projectorganizations	<b>Describe:</b> project organizations		T1,T2	
45	12	evolutionoforganizations	<b>Describe:</b> evolutionof organizations		T1,T2	
46		processautomation	<b>Understand:</b> process automation,		T1,T2	
47		. ProjectControlandprocess instrumentation	<b>Understand:</b> Project Control		T1,T2	
48		Theseven-coremetrics, managementindicators	<b>Describe:</b> core metrics,management indicators		T1,T2	
49		qualityindicators	<b>Describe:</b> quality indicators		T1,T2	
50	13	life-cycleexpectations	<b>Describe:</b> life-cycle expectations		T1,T2	
51		<i>Tutorial/bridgeclass#4</i>				
52		<i>Tutorial/bridgeclass#5</i>				
<b>UNIT-5</b>						
53	14	Pragmaticsoftwaremetrics	<b>Describe:</b> software metrics		Chalkandboard, PPTpresentation	T1,T2
54		metricsautomation.	<b>Discus:</b> metrics automation			T1,T2
55		CCPDS-RCase Studyand FutureSoftwareProject ManagementPractices ModernProject Profiles	<b>Describe:</b> CCPDS-R Case Study	T1,T2		
56		CCPDS-RCase Studyand FutureSoftwareProject ManagementPractices ModernProject Profiles	<b>Explain:</b> CCPDS-R Case Study	T1,T2		

57	15	<b>MOCKTEST-2</b>	<b>MOCKTEST-2</b>		T1,T2
58		CCPDS-R Case Study and Future Software Project Management Practices Modern Project Profiles	<b>Analyze:</b> CCPDS-R Case Study		T1,T2
59		Next-Generation software Economics	<b>Analyze:</b> Next-Generation software Economics		T1,T2
60		Next-Generation software Economics	<b>Analyze:</b> Next-Generation software Economics		T1,T2
61	16	Modern Process Transitions	<b>Analyze:</b> Modern Process Transitions		T1,T2
62		Modern Process Transitions	<b>Analyze:</b> Modern Process Transitions		T1,T2
63		<i>Tutorial/bridge class#6</i>			
64		<i>Tutorial/bridge class#7</i>			
<b>II MID EXAMINATIONS (WEEK 17)</b>					

**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Managing the Software Process, Watts S. Humphrey, Pearson Education
2. Software Project Management, Walker Royce, Pearson Education

**REFERENCES:**

1. An Introduction to the Team Software Process, Watts S. Humphrey, Pearson Education, 2000 Process Improvement essentials, James R. Persse, O'Reilly, 2006
2. Software Project Management, Bob Hughes & Mike Cotterell, fourth edition, TMH, 2006
3. Applied Software Project Management, Andrew Stellman & Jennifer Greene, O'Reilly, 2006.
4. Head First PMP, Jennifer Greene & Andrew Stellman, O'Reilly, 2007
5. Software Engineering Project Management, Richard H. Thayer & Edward Yourdon, 2nd edition, Wiley India, 2004.
6. Agile Project Management, Jim Highsmith, Pearson Education, 2004.

**IX. MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:**

Course	Program Outcomes												Program Specific Outcomes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	3	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	3	2
2	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	2	2
3	3	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	2	3	2
4	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	2
5	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	2
<b>AVG</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>2</b>

## DESCRIPTIVE QUESTIONS

### UNIT-1

#### Short Answer Questions

QUESTIONS	Blooms taxonomy level
1. Explain Principles of Software Process Change?.	Understand
2. Describe about Software Process Assessment?.	Understand
3. Define Initial Process?.	Knowledge
4. Describe about Repeatable Process?.	Knowledge
5. Explain about Managed Process?.	Knowledge
6. Define Optimizing Process?.	Knowledge

#### Long Answer Questions

1. Distinguish between software process and software project	Understand
2. Discuss in detail the Initial process, the repeatable process and the managed process?.	Understand
3. What are process reference models? Explain any two of them?.	Knowledge
4. Explain about the Optimizing Process in details?.	Understand
5. Explain about the PCMM Process Reference Model in details?.	Knowledge

### UNIT-2

#### Short Answer Questions

QUESTIONS	Blooms taxonomy level
1. Explain about the Evolution of Software Economics?.	Knowledge
2. Describe about Life-Cycle Phases?.	Knowledge
3. Describe about inception phase?.	Knowledge
4. Explain about elaboration phase?.	Knowledge
5. Describe about transition phase?.	Knowledge
6. Define management artifacts?.	Knowledge

#### Long Answer Questions

1. Explain the risk profile of a conventional software project across its life cycle?.	Knowledge
2. What is meant by Elaboration phase? Discuss the primary objectives and essential activities of Elaboration phase?.	Understand
3. Discuss briefly the Engineering artifact sets?.	Understand
4. Explain with a neat diagram how various artifacts evolved over the life cycle?.	Understand
5. Explain the pragmatics of software metrics?.	Understand

### UNIT-3

#### Short Answer Questions

QUESTIONS	Blooms taxonomy level
1. Explain about Iteration workflows?.	Understand
2. Describe about Major milestones?.	Apply
3. Describe about Minor milestones?.	Knowledge
4. Explain congestion control?.	Understand

5. Describe about Work breakdown structures?.	Knowledge
6. Define Pragmatic planning?.	Knowledge

**Long Answer Questions**

1. What are major milestones that occur at the transition points between life-cycle phases? Explain them?	Understand
2. Discuss about typical minor milestones in the life cycle of an iteration?.	Knowledge
3. Explain in detail about periodic status assessments	Understand
4. Explain about iteration planning process?.	Understand
5. Describe about Process Planning in details?.	Understand

**UNIT-4**

**Short Answer Questions**

QUESTIONS	Blooms taxonomy level
1. Explain about evolution of organizations?.	Knowledge
2. Describe about process automation?.	Knowledge
3. Define about core metrics?.	Knowledge
4. Explain about management indicators?.	Understand
5. Describe about life-cycle expectations?.	Understand

**Long Answer Questions**

1. What are the key practices that improve overall software quality?.	Understand
2. Describe about Pragmatic software metrics?.	Knowledge
3. Illustrate the congestion control in details?.	Understand
4. Explain in detail about metrics automation?.	Understand
5. Explain Project Control and process instrumentation in detail?.	Understand

**UNIT-5**

**Short Answer Questions**

QUESTIONS	Blooms taxonomy level
1. State advantages Next-Generation software Economics?.	Knowledge
2. Explain about Modern Process Transitions?.	APPLY
3. Describe about Future Software Project Management Practices?.	Knowledge
4. Describe the CCPDS-RC Case Study?.	Understand
5. Define Modern Project Profiles?.	Understand

**Long Answer Questions**

1. Discuss clearly the software management team activities, software architecture team activities also software development team activities?	Understand
2. Write short notes on the Next-Generation software economics ?	Understand
3. Write short notes on the Modern process transitions?	Understand
4. Explain in detail about Modern Project Profiles?.	Understand
5. Discuss about CCPDS-RC Case Study?.	Understand

**UNIT-1**

1. Capability level in which process are either not performed or doesn't achieve all goals and objectives defined by CMMI respective level
  - a. Level 0: incomplete
  - b. Level 0: complete
  - c. Level 1: Performed
  - d. Level 2: Managed

2. Processes are in which organizational innovation and deployment casual analysis and resolution is present as level of
  - a. **Optimizing**
  - b. defined
  - c. managed
  - d. performed
3. In PSP, component level design is refined and reviewed by
  - a. postmortem
  - b. planning
  - c. high level design
  - d. **Development**
4. Which of the following is not a maturity level in CMM
  - a. Design
  - b) Repeatable
  - c) **Managed**
  - d) Optimizing
5. TSP recognizes that best software teams are
  - a. user-directed
  - b. manager-directed
  - c. engineer-directed
  - d. self-directed
6. AOSD stands for \_\_\_\_\_ **Answer: Aspect Oriented Software Development**
7. Framework that encompasses a process, set of methods and an array of tools is termed as \_\_\_\_\_ **Answer: software engineering**
8. According to ISO 9001, the causes of nonconforming product should be **eliminated and identified**
9. At higher recovery \_\_\_\_\_ distillate is produced. **Answer: More**
10. COTS stands for \_\_\_\_\_ **Answer: Commercial off-the-shelf**

### UNIT-2

1. Quality planning is the process of developing a quality plan for
  - a) Team
  - b) **project**
  - c) customers
  - d) project manager
2. Which of the following is incorrect activity for the configuration management of a software system?
  - a) **Internship management**
  - b) Change management
  - c) Version management
  - d) System
3. An independent relationship must exist between the attribute that can be measured and the external quality attribute.
  - a) True
  - b) **False**
4. Which one of the following models is not suitable for accommodating any change?
  - a) Build & Fix Model
  - b) Prototyping Model
  - c) RAD Model
  - d) **Waterfall Model**
5. Which model can be selected if user is involved in all the phases of SDLC?
  - a) Waterfall Model
  - b) Prototyping Model
  - c) **RAD Model**
  - d) both B & C
6. A 66.6% risk is considered as **High**
7. SDLC stands for **Software Development Life Cycle**
8. RAD stands for **Rapid Application Development**
9. Build & Fix Model is suitable for programming exercises of **100-200 LOC** (Line of Code).
10. RAD Model has **5 phases**

### UNIT-3

1. Which of the following are parameters involved in computing the total cost of a software development project?
  - a) Hardware and software costs
  - b) Effort costs
  - c) Travel and training costs
  - d) **All of the mentioned**
2. Which of the following costs is not part of the total effort cost?
  - a) Cost of networking and communications
  - b) Cost of providing heating and lighting of office space
  - c) **Cost of lunch time food**
  - d) Cost of support staff

3. What is related to the overall functionality of the delivered software?  
 a) **Function-related** c) size related metrics  
 b) Product-related metrics d) None of the mentioned
4. It is often difficult to estimate size at an early stage in a project when only a specification is available  
 a) **True** b) False
5. Which model is used to compute the effort required to integrate reusable components or program code that is automatically generated by design or program translation tools?  
 a) An application-composition model b) A post-architecture model  
 c) **A reuse model** d) A nearly design model
6. An **Algorithmic cost modeling** is developed using historical cost information that relates some software metric to the project cost.
7. An **Algorithmic cost modeling** is developed using historical cost information that relates some software metric to the project cost.
8. **Function-related metrics** related to the overall functionality of the delivered software?
9. **Estimation by analogy** technique is applicable when other projects in the same analogy application domain have been completed?
10. **Parkinson's Law** states that work expands to fill the time available

#### UNIT-4

1. Which of the following is not considered a risk in project management?  
 a) Specification delays b) Product competition c) **Testing** d) Staff turnover
2. The process each manager follows during the life of a project is known as  
 a) Project Management b) Manager lifecycle  
 c) **Project Management Life Cycle** d) All of the mentioned
3. Inspections and testing are what kinds of Quality Costs?  
 a) Prevention b) Internal Failure c) External Failure d) **Appraisal**
4. Which of the following is not a core step of Six Sigma?  
 a) Define b) **Control** c) Measure d) Analyze
5. Software safety is equivalent to software reliability.  
 a) True b) **False**
6. **testing tools** examine programs systematically & automatically
7. **Test Archiving Systems** testing tool is responsible for documenting programs
8. Beta Testing is done by Users
9. Execution Verifier is a dynamic tool that is also known as **Coverage Analyzer**
10. Percentage of modules that were inspected is a part of **Process Metrics**

#### UNIT-5

1. Standard Enforcer is a  
 a) **Static** b) Dynamic Testing  
 c) Static & Dynamic Testing d) None of the mentioned
2. Which testing tool does a simple job of enforcing standards in a uniform way of many programs?  
 a) Static Analyzer b) Code Inspector  
 c) Standard Enforce d) **Both Code Inspector & Standard Enforcer**
3. Which metric gives the idea about the content on a webpage?  
 a) Word Token b) **Word Count** c) Word Size d) Word Length

4. Which of the following is not a classification of the web engineering metric, WebPage Similarity ?  
 a) Content based      b) Link based      c) Usage based      **d) Traffic based**
5. Which of the following is not a web engineering project metric ?  
 a) Number of Static Content Objects      b) Number of Dynamic Content Objects  
**c) Number of Inherited Objects**      d) Word Count
6. Link based measures rely on **Hyperlink** structure of a web graph to obtain related pages
7. Reverse engineering is the process of deriving the system design and specification from its **Source code**
8. Transformation of a system from one representational form to another is known as **Re-factoring and Restructuring**
9. Extracting data items and objects, to get information on data flow, and to understand the existing data structures that have been implemented is sometimes called **data analysis**
10. Software mistakes during coding are known as **Bugs**

1. <https://www.softwareengineeringdaily.com/>
2. <https://www.reddit.com/r/SoftwareEngineering/>
3. <https://www.toptal.com/blog>
4. <http://blog.wolksoftware.com/>

## **XII. JOURNALS:**

1. International Journal of software engineering, technology and applications
2. Journal of Software: Evolution and Process

## **XIII. Experts in the subject:**

1. Prof. Rajib Mall, IIT Kharagpur, Computer Science and Engineering, Head, Centre for Educational Technology, Email: -rajib@cse.iitkgp.ac.in
2. Prof. Durga Prasad Mohapatra, Email: -durga@nitrkl.ac.in

## **XIV. LIST OF THESE SEMINAR TOPICS:**

1. Optimizing Process
2. Repeatable Process
3. CMMI
4. CMM
5. Evolution of Software Economics
6. Life-Cycle Phases and Process artifacts.
7. Major milestones, minor milestones

## **XV. CASE STUDIES/SMALL PROJECTS**

1. Gameforge
2. Waste management Inspection Tracking system
3. Multimedia Content Management System