CE501PC: STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS – II

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to

- Identify the various actions in arches.
- Understand classical methods of analysis for statically indeterminate structures.
- Differentiate the approximate and numerical methods of analysis for indeterminate structures.
- Find the degree of static and kinematic indeterminacies of the structures.
- Plot the variation of S.F and B.M when a moving load passes on indeterminate structure

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course student should be able to

- **Analyze** the two hinged arches.
- **Solve** statically indeterminate beams and portal frames using classical methods.
- **Sketch** the shear force and bending moment diagrams for indeterminate structures.
- **Formulate** the stiffness matrix and analyze the beams by matrix methods.

UNIT – I

Two Hinged Arches: Introduction – Classification of Two hinged Arches – Analysis of two hinged parabolic arches – Secondary stresses in two hinged arches due to temperature and elastic shortening of rib.

Moment Distribution Method - Analysis of continuous beams with and without settlement of supports using - Analysis of Single Bay Single Storey Portal Frames including side Sway - Analysis of inclined frames -Shear force and Bending moment diagrams, Elastic curve.

UNIT – II

Kani's Method: Analysis of continuous beams including settlement of supports - Analysis of single bay single storey and single bay two Storey Frames including Side Sway using Kani's Method - Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve.

Cables and suspension bridges:

Equilibrium of a Suspension Cable subjected to concentrated loads and uniformly distributed loads - Length of a cable - Cable with different support levels - Suspension cable supports - Suspension Bridges - Analysis of Three Hinged Stiffening Girder Suspension Bridges.

UNIT – III

Matrix Methods -Flexibility Matrix Method: Introduction to Flexibility matrix methods of analysis; Analysis of continuous beams including settlement of supports ; Analysis of pin-jointed determinate plane frames

UNIT – IV

Matrix Methods - Stiffness Matrix Method:: Introduction to Stiffness matrix methods of analyses using 'system approach' up-to three degree of indeterminacy- Analysis of continuous beams including settlement of supports- Analysis of pin-jointed determinate plane frames ; Analysis of single bay single storey portal frames using stiffness method - Shear force and bending moment diagrams - Elastic curve.

UNIT- V

Influence Lines for Indeterminate Beams: Introduction – Influence line diagram for shear force and bending moment for two span continuous beam with constant and different moments of inertia - influence line diagram for shear force and bending moment for propped cantilever beams.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Structural Analysis Vol -I &II by Vazarani and Ratwani, Khanna Publishers.

2. Structural Analysis Vol I & II by G.S. Pandit S.P. Gupta Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.
3. Indeterminate Structural Analysis by K.U. Muthu et al., I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Structural analysis T. S Thandavamoorthy, Oxford university Press
2. Mechanics of Structures Vol -II by H.J. Shah and S.B. Junnarkar, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
3. Basic Structural Analysis by C.S. Reddy., Tata McGraw Hill Publishers.
4. Examples in Structural Analysis by William M.C. McKenzie, Taylor & Francis.
5. Structural Analysis by R. C. Hibbeler, Pearson Education
6. Structural Analysis by Devdas Menon, Narosa Publishing House.
7. Advanced Structural Analysis by A.K. Jain, Nem Chand & Bros.

CE502PC: GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to :

- Understand the formation of soil and classification of the soils.
- Characterize the Index & Engineering Properties of Soils.
- Determine the flow characteristics & stresses due to externally applied loads.
- Estimate the consolidation properties of soils.
- Determine the shear strength parameters.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will able to :

- Characterize and classify the soils.
- Estimate seepage, stresses under various loading conditions.
- Understand laboratory and field compaction characteristics.
- Analyze the compressibility of the soils.
- Understand the strength of soils under various drainage conditions.

UNIT – I

Introduction: Soil formation and structure – moisture content – Mass, volume relationships – Specific Gravity- Field density by core cutter and sand replacement methods-Relative density.

Index Properties of Soils: Grain size analysis – consistency limits and indices – I.S. Classification of soils.

UNIT –II

Permeability: Soil water – capillary rise – flow of water through soils – Darcy's law- permeability – Factors affecting permeability – laboratory determination of coefficient of permeability –Permeability of layered soils.

Effective Stress & Seepage through Soils: Total, neutral and effective stress – principle of effective stress – quick sand condition – Seepage through soils – Flownets: Characteristics and Uses.

UNIT –III

Stress Distribution in Soils: Boussinesq's and Westergaard's theories for point load, uniformly loaded circular and rectangular areas, pressure bulb, variation of vertical stress under point load along the vertical and horizontal plane, and Newmark's influence chart for irregular areas.

COMPACTION: Mechanism of compaction – factors affecting compaction – effects of compaction on soil properties – Field compaction Equipment – compaction quality control.

UNIT – IV

Consolidation: Types of compressibility – Immediate Settlement, primary consolidation and secondary consolidation – stress history of clay; e-p and e-log(p) curves – normally consolidated soil, over consolidated soil and under consolidated soil – pre-consolidation pressure and its determination – Terzaghi's 1-D consolidation theory – coefficient of consolidation: square root time and logarithm of time fitting methods – computation of total settlement and time rate of settlement.

UNIT - V

Shear Strength of Soils: Importance of shear strength – Mohr-Coulomb Failure theories – Types of laboratory tests for strength parameters – strength tests based on drainage conditions – strength envelops – Shear strength of sands – dilatancy – critical void ratio, Introduction to stress path method.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics by Gopal Ranjan & A. S. R. Rao, 2nd Edition, New age

International Publishers, 2006
2. Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineeringby V. N. S. Murthy, CBS Publishers & Distributors/Alkem Company (S), 2011
3. Principals of Geotechnical Engineering by Braja, M. Das, Cengage Learning Publishers, 10th Edition, 2020

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. An Introduction to Geotechnical Engineering by R. D. Holtz, W. D. Kovacs, and Thomas Sheahan, Pearson, 2nd edition (2011).
2. Geotechnical Engineering by C. Venkataramiah, New age International Pvt. Ltd, (2002).
3. Geotechnical Engineering Principles and Practices by Coduto and M. Y. Ronald, Pearson 2nd edition (2010).
4. Geotechnical Engineering by Manoj Dutta & Gulati S.K – Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers New Delhi (2017).
5. Foundation Engineering by P.C. Varghese, PHI (2005).

CE503PC: STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING – I (RCC)

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to

- **Identify** the basic components of any structural system and the standard loading for the RC structure.
- **Identify** and **tell** the various codal provisions given in IS. 456 .
- **Describe** the salient feature of limit state method, compare with other methods and the concepts of limit state of collapse and limit state of serviceability.
- **Evaluate** the behaviour of RC member under flexure, shear and compression, torsion and bond.

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course student should be able to

- **Compare** and **Design** the singly reinforced, doubly reinforced and flanged sections.
- **Design** the axially loaded, uniaxial and biaxial bending columns.
- **Classify** the footings and **Design** the isolated square, rectangular and circular footings
- **Distinguish** and **Design** the one-way and two-way slabs.

UNIT - I

Introduction- Structure - Components of structure - Different types of structures - Equilibrium and compatibility- Safety and Stability - Loads - Different types of Loads - Dead Load, Live Load, Earthquake Load and Wind Load- Forces - What is meant by Design? - Different types of materials - RCC, PSC and Steel - Planning of structural elements- Concepts of RCC Design - Different methods of Design- Working Stress Method and Limit State Method - Load combinations as per Limit state method - Materials - Characteristic Values - Partial safety factors - Behaviour and Properties of Concrete and Steel- Stress Block Parameters as per IS 456 -2000.

Limit state Analysis and design of sections in Flexure – Behaviour of RC section under flexure - Rectangular, T and L-sections, singly reinforced and doubly reinforced Beams – Detailing of reinforcement

UNIT – II

Design for Shear, Bond and Torsion - Mechanism of shear and bond failure - Design of shear using limit state concept - Design for Bond -Anchorage and Development length of bars - Design of sections for torsion - Detailing of reinforcement

UNIT - III

Design of Two-way slabs with different end conditions, one-way slab, and continuous slab Using I S Coefficients -Limit state design for serviceability for deflection, cracking and codal provisions.

UNIT – IV

Design of compression members - Short Column - Columns with axial loads, uni-axial and bi-axial bending - Use of design charts- Long column - Design of long columns - I S Code provisions.

UNIT – V

Design of foundation - Different types of footings – Design of flat isolated square, rectangular, combined footings for two columns.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Limit state designed of reinforced concrete - P.C. Varghese, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
2. Reinforced concrete design by S. Unnikrishna Pillai & Devdas Menon, Tata McGraw Hill.
3. Reinforced concrete design by N. Krishna Raju and R.N. Pranesh, New age

International Publishers.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Reinforced concrete structures, Vol. 1, by B.C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain, Laxmi, publications Pvt. Ltd.
2. Fundamentals of Reinforced concrete design by M. L. Gambhir, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.,
3. Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures by N.Subramanian, Oxford University Press
4. Design of concrete structures by J.N. Bandhyopadhyay PHI Learning Private Limited.
5. Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures by I. C. Syal and A. K. Goel, S. Chand & company.
6. Design of Reinforced Concrete Foundations – P.C. Varghese Prentice Hall of India.

SM504MS: BUSINESS ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
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Course Objective: To learn the basic business types, impact of the economy on Business and Firms specifically. To analyze the Business from the Financial Perspective.

Course Outcome: The students will understand the various Forms of Business and the impact of economic variables on the Business. The Demand, Supply, Production, Cost, Market Structure, Pricing aspects are learnt. The Students can study the firm's financial position by analysing the Financial Statements of a Company.

Unit – I: Introduction to Business and Economics

Business: Structure of Business Firm, Theory of Firm, Types of Business Entities, Limited Liability Companies, Sources of Capital for a Company, Non-Conventional Sources of Finance.

Economics: Significance of Economics, Micro and Macro Economic Concepts, Concepts and Importance of National Income, Inflation, Money Supply and Inflation, Business Cycle, Features and Phases of Business Cycle. Nature and Scope of Business Economics, Role of Business Economist, Multidisciplinary nature of Business Economics.

UNIT - II: Demand and Supply Analysis

Elasticity of Demand: Elasticity, Types of Elasticity, Law of Demand, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand, Factors affecting Elasticity of Demand, Elasticity of Demand in decision making, Demand Forecasting: Characteristics of Good Demand Forecasting, Steps in Demand Forecasting, Methods of Demand Forecasting.

Supply Analysis: Determinants of Supply, Supply Function and Law of Supply.

UNIT - III: Production, Cost, Market Structures & Pricing

Production Analysis: Factors of Production, Production Function, Production Function with one variable input, two variable inputs, Returns to Scale, Different Types of Production Functions.

Cost analysis: Types of Costs, Short run and Long run Cost Functions.

Market Structures: Nature of Competition, Features of Perfect competition, Monopoly, Oligopoly, Monopolistic Competition. **Pricing:** Types of Pricing, Product Life Cycle based Pricing, Break Even Analysis, Cost Volume Profit Analysis.

UNIT - IV: Financial Accounting: Accounting concepts and Conventions, Accounting Equation, Double-Entry system of Accounting, Rules for maintaining Books of Accounts, Journal, Posting to Ledger, Preparation of Trial Balance, Elements of Financial Statements, Preparation of Final Accounts (Simple Problems).

UNIT - V: Financial Ratios Analysis: Concept of Ratio Analysis, Importance and Types of Ratios, Liquidity Ratios, Turnover Ratios, Profitability Ratios, Proprietary Ratios, Solvency, Leverage Ratios – Analysis and Interpretation (simple problems).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D. D. Chaturvedi, S. L. Gupta, Business Economics - Theory and Applications, International Book House Pvt. Ltd. 2013.
2. Dhanesh K Khatri, Financial Accounting, Tata Mc -Graw Hill, 2011.
3. Geethika Ghosh, Piyali Gosh, Purba Roy Choudhury, Managerial Economics, 2e, Tata Mc Graw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd. 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Paresh Shah, Financial Accounting for Management 2e, Oxford Press, 2015.
2. S. N. Maheshwari, Sunil K Maheshwari, Sharad K Maheshwari, Financial Accounting, 5e, Vikas Publications, 2013.

CE505PC: TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

- This course aims at providing a comprehensive insight of various elements of Highway transportation engineering. Topics related to the highway development, characterization of different materials needed for highway construction, structural and geometric design of highway pavements along with the challenges and possible solutions to the traffic related issues will be covered as a part of this course.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, the students will develop:

- An ability to apply the knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering in the areas of traffic engineering, highway development and maintenance.
- An ability to design, conduct experiments to assess the suitability of the highway materials like soil, bitumen, aggregates and a variety of bituminous mixtures. Also the students will develop the ability to interpret the results and assess the suitability of these materials for construction of highways.
- An ability to design flexible and rigid highway pavements for varying traffic compositions as well as soil subgrade and environmental conditions using the standards stipulated by Indian Roads Congress.
- An ability to evaluate the structural and functional conditions of in-service highway pavements and provide solution in the form of routine maintenance measures or designed overlays using Indian Roads congress guidelines.
- An ability to assess the issues related to road traffic and provide engineering solutions supported with an understanding of road user psychological and behavioural patterns.

UNIT -I

Introduction: History and Importance of Highways, Characteristics of road transport, Current road development plans in India, Highway development in India, Highway planning, Highway alignment, Engineering surveys for Highway alignment, Highway projects, Highway drawings and reports, Detailed Project Report preparation, PPP schemes of Highway Development in India, Government of India initiatives in developing the highways and expressways in improving the mobility and village road development in improving the accessibility.

UNIT – II

Introduction to Highway Geometric Design: Width of Pavement, Formation and Land, Cross Slopes etc; Concept of Friction: Skid and Slip; Elements of geometric design of highways; Sight Distances: Stopping Sight Distance, Overtaking Sight Distance and Intermediate Sight Distance; Horizontal alignment: Design of horizontal curves, super elevation, extra widening of pavement at curves; Vertical Alignment: Gradients, Compensation in Gradient, Design of summit curves and valley curves using different criteria; Integration of Horizontal and Vertical Curves.

UNIT - III

Basic Traffic Characteristics: Speed, volume and concentration, relationship between flow, speed and concentration; Highway capacity and Level of service (LOS) concepts: Factors affecting capacity and LOS, relationship between V/C ratio and LOS; Traffic volume and spot speed studies: Methods; Road Safety; Traffic Signals: Types, warrants for signalization, design of isolated traffic signal by IRC method; Parking and road accidents: Types of parking facilities – on-street and off street, introduction to parking studies; Accident studies, road safety auditing; Introduction to street lighting; Road Intersections: Design considerations of at-grade intersections, introduction to interchanges.

UNIT - IV

Tests on Soils: CBR, Field CBR, modulus of sub-grade reaction, Tests on Aggregates: specific gravity, shape (flakiness and elongation indices), angularity number, water absorption, impact, abrasion, attrition, crushing resistance, durability (weathering resistance), stone polishing value of aggregates; Tests on bitumen: spot, penetration, softening point, viscosity, ductility, elastic recovery, flash and fire points, Introduction to modified bituminous binders like crumb rubber modified, natural rubber modified and polymer modified bitumen binders; Bituminous Concrete: Critical parameters controlling bituminous concrete mixture design, aggregate blending concepts viz. Rothfuch's method, trial and error procedure. Introduction to advanced concretes for road applications.

UNIT -V

Introduction to Pavement Design: Types of pavements and their typical cross sections: flexible, rigid and composite; Flexible Pavement analysis and design: Introduction to multi layered analysis, IRC 37-2012 method of flexible pavement design; Rigid pavement analysis and design: Factors controlling rigid pavement design, types of stresses in rigid pavements, critical load positions, load stresses and temperature stresses in interior, corner and edge locations of jointed plain cement concrete pavement slabs, IRC 58-2015 method of rigid pavement design; Overlay Designs: Types of overlays on flexible and rigid pavements.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Khanna, S.K, Justo, A and Veeraragavan, A, 'Highway Engineering', Nem Chand & Bros. Revised Tenth Edition, 2014
2. KadiyaliL.R. and Lal N B, Principles and Practices of Highway Engineering; Seventh Edition, First Reprint; Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2018

Code of Provisions:

Design Codes: IRC 37-2012, IRC 58-2015, IRC 81-1997

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Papacoastas, C. S. and Prevedouros, Transportation Engineering and Planning, Third Edition, Third Impression; Pearson Education, 2018.
2. Khisty C J and Lall B Kent; Transportation Engineering: An Introduction, Third Edition, 1st Indian Adaptation; Pearson India Education Service Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi 2017.
3. Subhash C Saxena, Text Book of Highway and Traffic Engineering; First Edition; CBS Publishers and Distributors. New Delhi, 2014
4. C Venkatramaih, Transportation Engineering Volume 1 - Highway Engineering, 1st Edition, Universities Press, 2016
5. Garber, N.J. and Hoel, L.A. Traffic and Highway Engineering, Fourth Edition; Cengage Learning, Stamford, CT, USA, 2010
6. Parthachakroborty and Animesh Das, Principles of Transportation Engineering, PHI, 2013
7. Nicholas J Garber and Lester AHoel, Traffic and Highway Engineering, 5th Edition, Cengage Learning India Private Limited, New Delhi, 5th Indian Reprint, 2011.

CE506PC: HYDROLOGY AND WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives: This course provides the description of hydrological cycle and derive various formulas used in estimation of different basic components of surface and Ground water cycle. and its components. Further it will explain the water requirement for irrigation and connectivity of hydrology to the field requirement.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to

- Understand the different concepts and terms used in engineering hydrology.
- To **identify and** explain various formulae used in estimation of surface and Ground water hydrology components
- Demonstrate their knowledge to **connect** hydrology to the field requirement.

UNIT - I

Introduction: Concepts of Hydrologic cycle, **Precipitation:** Forms of precipitation, characteristics of precipitation in India, measurement of precipitation: Recording and non-recording types, rain gauge network: mean precipitation over an area: Missing Rainfall Data – Estimation, Consistency of Rainfall records, depth area- duration relationships, maximum intensity/depth-duration-frequency relationship, Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP), rainfall data in India.

UNIT - II

Abstractions from precipitation:

Evaporation process, evaporimeters, analytical methods of evaporation estimation, reservoir evaporation and methods for its reduction, evapotranspiration, measurement of evapotranspiration, evapotranspiration equations: Penman and Blaney & Criddle Methods, potential evapotranspiration over India, actual evapotranspiration, interception, depression storage, infiltration, infiltration capacity, measurement of infiltration, modelling infiltration capacity, classification of infiltration capacities, infiltration indices.

Run off: Components of Runoff, Factors affecting runoff, Basin yield, SCS-CN method of estimating runoff, Flow duration curves, Mass curve of runoff – Analysis, concepts of watershed management.

UNIT - III

Hydrographs: Hydrograph -Distribution of Runoff – Hydrograph Analysis Flood Hydrograph – Effective Rainfall – Base Flow- Base Flow Separation - Unit Hydrograph, definition, limitations and applications and Unit hydrograph, S-hydrograph, Synthetic Unit Hydrograph.

UNIT - IV

Groundwater Hydrology: Occurrence, movement and application of groundwater, aquifers – types, Specific Yield, Permeability, Storage coefficient, Transmissibility, Darcy's Law. **Well Hydraulics -** Steady radial flow into well for confined and unconfined aquifers, Recuperation tests. Well constants. Crop water requirements – Water requirements of crops – crops and crop seasons in India, cropping pattern, duty and delta; Quality of irrigation water; Soil-water relationships, root zones oil water, infiltration, consumptive use, irrigation requirement, frequency of irrigation; Methods of applying water to the fields: surface, sub-surface, Micro irrigation.

UNIT - V

Canal systems: alignment of canals, canal losses, estimation of design discharge. Design of channels-rigid boundary channels, alluvial channels. canal outlets: non-modular, semi modular and modular outlets. Canal outlets non-modular, semi-modular and modular outlets. Waterlogging: causes, effects and remedial measures. Lining of canals-Types of lining-Advantages and disadvantages. Drainage of

irrigated lands- necessity, methods.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Hydrology by K. Subramanya (Tata McGraw-Hill).
2. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic structures by Santhosh kumar Garg Khanna publishers.
3. G L Asawa, Irrigation Engineering, Wiley Eastern.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Elements of Engineering Hydrology by V.P. Singh (Tata McGraw-Hill).
2. Engineering Hydrology by Jaya Rami Reddy (Laxmi Publications.
3. Ground water Hydrology by David Keith Todd, John Wiley & Son, New York.
4. Elements of Water Resources Engineering by K.N. Duggal and J.P. Soni (New Age International)
5. Manual on Storm Water Drainage System- 2019, CPH EO New Delhi.

CE505PC: TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING LABORATORY

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
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Pre-Requisites: Building Materials, Highway Materials

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to

- To learn laboratory tests and their procedures cement, fine aggregate, course aggregates and bitumen
- To Evaluate fresh concrete properties
- To Understand the test procedures for characterization of Concrete and bituminous mixes

Course Outcomes: Student shall be able to

- Categorize the test on materials used for Bituminous constructions.
- Evaluate the tests performed for Bitumen and mixes.
- To prepare a laboratory report

Tests on Aggregates

2. Impact test
3. Crushing value test
4. Los Angeles Abrasion test
5. Shape test

Tests on Bitumen

6. Penetration and softening point
7. Ductility and Elastic recovery
8. Viscosity
9. Flash and Fire points (Demo)

Mix preparation (Demo)

10. Marshall's Stability sample preparation
11. Marshall's Stability sample testing

Traffic Lab

12. Volume Studies at Mid blocks
13. Volume Studies at Intersections
14. Speed Studies using Spot speeds
15. Speed Studies using Moving car method
16. Parking Studies
17. Road safety Audit with respect to Geometric design (video demonstration only)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Highway Material Testing manual, Khanna, Justo and Veeraraghavan, Nemchand Brothers

IS CODES:

1. IS 1201 -1220 (1978) "Methods for testing tars and bituminous materials"
2. IRC SP 53 -2010 "Guidelines on use of modified bitumen"
3. MS-2 Manual for Marshalls Mix design 2002

CE508PC: GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

Pre-Requisites: Soil Mechanics (Co-requisite)

Course Objectives: To obtain index and engineering properties of locally available soils, and to understand the behavior of these soil under various loads.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to Classify and evaluate the behavior of the soils subjected to various loads.

List of Experiments:

1. Atterberg Limits (Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and shrinkage limit)
2. a) Field density by core cutter method and

b) Field density by sand replacement method

3. Determination of Specific gravity of soil Grain size distribution by sieve analysis
4. Permeability of soil by constant and variable head test methods
5. Standard Proctor's Compaction Test
6. Determination of Coefficient of consolidation (square root time fitting method)
7. Unconfined compression test
8. Direct shear test
9. Vane shear test
10. Differential free swell index (DFSI) test

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Measurement of Engineering Properties of Soils by. E. Saibaba Reddy & K. Rama Sastri, New Age International, 2002.
2. Manual of Soil Laboratory Testing, K. H., Head, CRC Press, 2006, 3rd Edition.

*MC509: INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	0

Course Objectives:

- Significance of intellectual property and its protection
- Introduce various forms of intellectual property

Course Outcomes:

- Distinguish and Explain various forms of IPRs.
- Identify criteria to fit one's own intellectual work in particular form of IPRs.
- Apply statutory provisions to protect particular form of IPRs.
- Appraise new developments in IPR laws at national and international level

UNIT – I

Introduction to Intellectual property: Introduction, types of intellectual property, international organizations, agencies and treaties, importance of intellectual property rights.

UNIT – II

Trade Marks: Purpose and function of trademarks, acquisition of trade mark rights, protectable matter, selecting, and evaluating trade mark, trade mark registration processes.

UNIT – III

Law of copyrights: Fundamental of copyright law, originality of material, rights of reproduction, rights to perform the work publicly, copyright ownership issues, copyright registration, notice of copyright, International copyright law.

Law of patents: Foundation of patent law, patent searching process, ownership rights and transfer

UNIT – IV

Trade Secrets: Trade secret law, determination of trade secret status, liability for misappropriations of trade secrets, protection for submission, trade secret litigation.

Unfair competition: Misappropriation right of publicity, false advertising.

UNIT – V

New development of intellectual property: new developments in trade mark law; copyright law, patent law, intellectual property audits.

International overview on intellectual property, international – trade mark law, copyright law, international patent law, and international development in trade secrets law.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Intellectual property right, Deborah. E. Bouchoux, Cengage learning.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Intellectual property right – Unleashing the knowledge economy, prabuddha ganguli, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing company ltd.